CoCoA-5 - Design #984

GroebnerFanldeals: order matrices sometimes have "large" entries

26 Nov 2016 17:51 - John Abbott

Status:	New	Start date:	26 Nov 2016	3	
Priority:	Normal	Due date:			
Assignee:		% Done:	0%		
Category:	enhancing/improving	Estimated time:	0.00 hour		
Target version:	CoCoA-5.?.?	Spent time:	1.30 hour	1.30 hour	
Description					
After using Groebne	rFanIdeals, I noticed that some order	matrices can have quite "large	e" entries (<i>e.g.</i> gre	eater than 1000).	
•	CoCoALib stores order vectors, havir a integer overflow if degrees become		der matrix is poten	tially limiting (<i>i.e.</i> triggering	
Is it possible to prod	uce order matrices with smaller entrie	es?			
Related issues:					
Related to CoCoA-5 - Support #973: GroebnerFanIdeals: verbosity and output style			Closed	17 Nov 2016	
Related to CoCoA-5 - Support #977: "universal denominator" (related with Groe			In Progress	17 Nov 2016	
Related to CoCoALib - Bug #1069: GroebnerFan: ERROR: Matrix must be invertible			In Progress	17 May 2017	

Related to CoCoA-5 - Bug #1634: Unexpected or unhelpful error using GroebnerF	New	22 Nov 2021
Related to CoCoALib - Slug #1049: GroebnerFan: slow examples	In Progress	19 Apr 2017
Related to CoCoALib - Bug #1371: French students' example with GFan	In Progress	25 Nov 2019

History

#1 - 26 Nov 2016 17:51 - John Abbott

- Related to Support #973: GroebnerFanldeals: verbosity and output style added

#2 - 26 Nov 2016 17:52 - John Abbott

- Related to Support #977: "universal denominator" (related with GroebnerFanIdeals) added

#3 - 26 Nov 2016 18:02 - John Abbott

Here is the same example as in issue #973

```
use P::=QQ[x,y,z];
I := ideal(x^5-3*y^3*z+x*y*z-2, y^3-2*z+5, z^2-12*x+7*y);
GF := GroebnerFanIdeals(I);
OrderMats := [OrdMat(RingOf(J)) | J in GF];
[M in OrderMats | max(flatten(GetRows(M))) > 1000]; --> two matrices
```

As far as I can tell the order of the ideals in GF is the same from run to run, so I may refer to certain ideals just by specifying their indices. Anyway, I wanted to see which ideals corresponded to "lex" orderings: on my computer these have indices [36, 38, 94].

I had naively hoped to see that the matrices were just permutations of the identity matrix; instead they have larger entries:

```
>>> OrdMat(RingOf(GF[36]));
matrix(ZZ,
  [[29, 30, 1],
  [842, 870, 0],
  [0, 0, -1]])
>>> OrdMat(RingOf(GF[38]));
matrix(ZZ,
  [[6, 1, 4],
```

```
[0, 0, -1]])
>>> OrdMat(RingOf(GF[94]));
matrix(ZZ,
  [[1, 29, 58],
  [0, 842, 1682],
  [0, 0, -1]])
```

[37, 0, 24],

Can something be done to make the matrix entries smaller?

For instance, it seems to me that the second row of the last matrix could be divided by 2 without affecting the ordering; similarly for second row of first matrix.

#4 - 26 Nov 2016 18:08 - John Abbott

I noticed that in this example the order matrices always have strictly positive entries in the first row. Are zeroes not allowed?

It seems that GFan usually produces the first two rows, and then the last row is just [0,0,-1] with the sole exception of the very first ideal whose order matrix corresponds to StdDegRevLex.

One option could be to determine the "best" order matrix for each ideal once the supports of its reduced G-basis elements have been computed. This appears to be an integer linear programming problem.

#5 - 17 May 2017 15:46 - John Abbott

- Related to Bug #1069: GroebnerFan: ERROR: Matrix must be invertible added

#6 - 22 Nov 2021 20:19 - John Abbott

It seems that the first two rows are "almost parallel" -- why should that be? Anyway, it should be easy to reduce the size of entries in row 2.

#7 - 22 Nov 2021 20:23 - John Abbott

- Related to Bug #1634: Unexpected or unhelpful error using GroebnerFanldeals added

#8 - 11 Mar 2024 11:15 - John Abbott

- Related to Slug #1049: GroebnerFan: slow examples added

#9 - 11 Mar 2024 11:15 - John Abbott

- Related to Bug #1371: French students' example with GFan added