

CoCoALib - Feature #248

IsDivisible for RingElem with nice interface

01 Oct 2012 13:03 - Christof Soeger

Status:	Closed	Start date:	01 Oct 2012
Priority:	Normal	Due date:	
Assignee:	Anna Maria Bigatti	% Done:	100%
Category:	New Function	Estimated time:	5.00 hours
Target version:	CoCoALib-0.99532	Spent time:	5.00 hours
Description			
The function			
<pre>R->myIsDivisible(r, r1, r2) -- r = r1/r2, and returns true iff division was exact</pre>			
is of general use to programmers to avoid code like			
<pre>if (IsDivisible(r1,r2)) { r = r1/r2 };</pre>			
which basically would do the computation twice.			
2014-03 added 3 arg syntax IsDivisible(r, r1, r2)			
Related issues:			
Related to CoCoALib - Design #377: IsDivisible -- exact semantics?		Closed	19 Jun 2013

History

#1 - 17 Oct 2012 19:05 - Anna Maria Bigatti

Maybe we could add the interface **bool IsDivisible(r, r1, r2)** which has a similar feeling to **bool IsInteger(n, x)**.

We have a similar situation (double interface) in

```
bool IsIndet(long& index, ConstRefPPMonoidElem pp);
bool IsIndet(ConstRefPPMonoidElem pp);
```

John?

#2 - 17 Oct 2012 20:33 - John Abbott

Anna's proposal **bool IsDivisible(r, r1, r2)** is reasonable and fits in with what we have done in similar cases so far.

Another possibility is **STRUCT IsDivisible(r1, r2)** where **STRUCT** is a new type, presumably containing two fields (one boolean, the other a **RingElem**). We can define an automatic conversion from **STRUCT** to **bool** which simply takes the value of the boolean field. Probably we could define automatic conversion to **RingElem** too (which would give an error if the boolean is not true). Note that C++11 allows variables to be declared with type **auto** which could be helpful in this case.

JAA thinks that the second suggestion is possibly more "mathematical" but may actually be more cumbersome in use. Here is a silly example of how use of the two approaches might look:

```
RingElem r;  
if (!IsDivisible(r, r1, r2)) CoCoA_ERROR("Cannot divide");  
cout << "Result is " << r << endl;
```

```
STRUCT ans = IsDivisible(r1, r2);  
if (!ans) CoCoA_ERROR("Cannot divide");  
cout << "Result is " << ans.myQuot << endl;
```

Yet another possibility is a function **RingElem divide(r1, r2)** which returns either the correct quotient or zero. This might make it easy to write compact code, but I'm not sure it's such a good idea:

```
RingElem r = divide(r1, r2);  
if (IsZero(r)) CoCoA_ERROR("Cannot divide");  
cout << "Result is " << r << endl;
```

Comments? Suggestions? Preferences?

#3 - 17 Oct 2012 20:37 - John Abbott

It is not really important, but I will mention that in some cases one can test divisibility much more cheaply than computing the quotient. However, I suspect that such cases would happen only rarely in programs using CoCoALib.

#4 - 18 Oct 2012 07:39 - Anna Maria Bigatti

John Abbott wrote:

It is not really important, but I will mention that in some cases one can test divisibility much more cheaply than computing the quotient.

That's why I suggest to have both interfaces: **IsDivisible(r1,r2)** and **IsDivisible(r,r1,r2)**.
If the user does not need to use r1/r2 he will prefer the first.
But If he does he will compute it anyway.

I expect we might have other functions which may benefit from this double interface.

#5 - 20 Oct 2012 11:38 - John Abbott

OK, we can add **IsDivisible(r, r1, r2)** as Anna proposes; I'm not convinced it is the best possible interface, but at the moment I cannot produce an alternative which is clearly superior.

Question: what does this function do to the value in **r** if the quotient does not exist?

I see four likely possibilities:

1. the value in **r** is left unchanged
2. the value in **r** is set to zero (in which ring?)
3. only some vague guarantee (e.g. might change, might not)
4. the value in **r** is set to *invalid* [requires a *philosophical* change in CoCoALib]

In some ways (1) is the obvious choice (it makes me think of *exception safety*, but is actually unrelated).

For some reason (2) appeals to me; I think the ring should be the "bigger" of the owners of **r1** and **r2**.

JAA does not like (3), the vague guarantee.

I'm not sure where idea (4) came from (perhaps a small piece of undigested dinner? - as Scrooge would say). We could also define an "invalid" ring where practically every operation produces an error; this might be handy during development/debugging if users can be warned that an uninitialized **RingElem** is being operated upon. Of course, it is not mathematically clean.

As usual... comments? opinions? better ideas?

#6 - 22 Oct 2012 17:52 - Anna Maria Bigatti

John Abbott wrote:

- Question: what does this function do to the value in **r** if the quotient does not exist?
- 1 the value in **r** is left unchanged

That's my preference, and that's what **IsInteger** does.

#7 - 22 Oct 2012 17:53 - Anna Maria Bigatti

- Category set to *New Function*
- Target version set to *CoCoALib-0.9953*

#8 - 31 Oct 2012 13:34 - Anna Maria Bigatti

Currently the function
`bool IsDivisible(ConstRefRingElem num, ConstRefRingElem den)`
returns **false** if `den=0`.
I think it should return and error anyway.

#9 - 31 Oct 2012 13:55 - John Abbott

The main question is precisely when should `IsDivisible` return false?

Assuming `x,y,z` are all `RingElem`...

- (A) if `x = y/z`; would throw "inexact division" then `IsDivisible` will return false (and not throw)
- (B) if `x = y/z`; would throw "division by zero-divisor" then currently `IsDivisible` returns false
- (C) if `x = y/z`; would throw any other exception then `IsDivisible` should throw the same exception (or one which is equivalent).

The question is whether in case (B) `IsDivisible` should absorb the error and return false or whether it should throw "division by zero-divisor".

Just for information: the GMP function `mpz_divisible_p` returns false if the divisor is zero (except for 0/0 where it returns true). I note that GMP is written in C, so there is no concept of exceptions. Actually attempting to divide by zero produces a "hardware exception".

What should we do? And why?

#10 - 23 May 2013 08:12 - Anna Maria Bigatti

- Status changed from *New* to *In Progress*
- % Done changed from 0 to 50

#11 - 03 Jun 2013 17:29 - John Abbott

- Target version changed from *CoCoALib-0.9953* to *CoCoALib-0.99534 Seoul14*

Might be able to talk about this in Osnabruck...

#12 - 29 Oct 2013 14:57 - Anna Maria Bigatti

- Target version changed from *CoCoALib-0.99534 Seoul14* to *CoCoALib-0.99532*

#13 - 28 Jan 2014 12:13 - Anna Maria Bigatti

- Status changed from *In Progress* to *Feedback*
- Assignee set to *Anna Maria Bigatti*
- % Done changed from 50 to 80

All done (I think)

#14 - 01 Apr 2014 19:11 - Anna Maria Bigatti

- *Status changed from Feedback to Closed*
- *% Done changed from 80 to 100*
- *Estimated time set to 4.00 h*

#15 - 01 Apr 2014 19:13 - Anna Maria Bigatti

- *Estimated time changed from 4.00 h to 5.00 h*