# CoCoALib - Feature #222

# Printing polynomials - spaces between terms

08 Aug 2012 20:31 - John Abbott

Status: In Progress Start date: 08 Aug 2012 **Priority:** Due date: Normal % Done: 30% Assignee: Category: Various **Estimated time:** 10.50 hours CoCoALib-0.99880 Spent time: 4.70 hours Target version:

# Description

Bruns points out that spaces are inserted in an asymmetrical manner between terms when printing a polynomial. For instance x+1 is currently printed as x+1 which is ugly.

CoCoA-4 prints out x+1 as x+1 (i.e. a space before and a space after the + sign).

We should also consider what happens when the coeffs are themselves polynomials. How should  $(x-1)^*y+(x+1)^*z$  be printed? As an element of QQ[x,y,z]? As an element of QQ[x,y,z]?

#### Related issues: Related to CoCoALib - Bug #74: printing polynomials New 22 Dec 2011 Related to CoCoALib - Feature #253: W.Bruns's wish list 04 Oct 2012 Closed Related to CoCoA-5 - Support #242: CoCoA-5 Projects for students (e.g. credit... In Progress 28 Sep 2012 Related to CoCoALib - Design #432: Semantics of IsPrintedWithMinus 31 Jan 2014 In Progress Related to CoCoALib - Feature #1117: Better printing of negative coeffs In Progress 07 Nov 2017 Related to CoCoALib - Design #1156: Printing for RingElem New 12 Feb 2018

#### History

# #1 - 08 Aug 2012 20:38 - John Abbott

- Estimated time set to 5.00 h

Bruns suggests inserting no spaces.

This is the easiest solution. We should try it, and decide how readable polynomials look with this convention (perhaps comparing with CoCoA-4).

We should assemble a small database of polynomials (and their rings!) to use as test cases for assessing how "nice" the printed form is.

# #2 - 04 Sep 2012 10:47 - John Abbott

We could introduce a flag to say whether to print spaces between summands in polynomials.

The flag could be compile time or run-time. Since great speed is not crucial, there is no real advantage to using a compile-time flag. A run-time flag could even be user settable (perhaps belonging to the GlobalManager?).

**Addendum** removing the space before the + or - sign is very simple (just disable line 529 in SparsePolyRing.C); adding a space after the + sign is simple too (change lines 530 and 552), but adding a space after the - sign is more tricky because the - sign is printed as part of the coefficient. Unfortunately the documentation for IsPrintedWithMinus (in the doc for RingElem) is not as clear as I would like.

# #3 - 04 Sep 2012 12:08 - Anna Maria Bigatti

John Abbott wrote:

03 May 2024 1/6

The flag could be compile time or run-time. Since great speed is not crucial, there is no real advantage to using a compile-time flag. A run-time flag could even be user settable (perhaps belonging to the GlobalManager?).

I agree

**Addendum** removing the space before the + or - sign is very simple (just disable line 529 in SparsePolyRing.C); adding a space after the + sign is simple too (change lines 530 and 552), but adding a space after the - sign is more tricky because the - sign is printed as part of the coefficient. Unfortunately the documentation for IsPrintedWithMinus (in the doc for RingElem) is not as clear as I would like.

If my memory works well the reason why there is no space after the sign came originally from the fact that "-2" (int) is printed like that. Then I saw (and I'm still convinced) that it's more compact, while nicely separating the summands in a polynomial).

To add the space after "-" we would probably only need to intercept the printing of negative machine integers and print "-" and the absolute value.

CoCoA-4 printed like this (no space for the first term). What to do?

-3x - 1

# #4 - 08 Oct 2012 13:10 - John Abbott

Christof and John looked at various possible printed forms of (3-2\*x)^5

```
[a] -32*x^5+240*x^4-720*x^3+1080*x^2-810*x+243

[b] -32*x^5+240*x^4-720*x^3+1080*x^2-810*x+243

[c] -32*x^5+240*x^4-720*x^3+1080*x^2-810*x+243

[d] -32*x^5+240*x^4-720*x^3+1080*x^2-810*x+243
```

We both felt that [a] is the hardest to read -- it is too uniform, your eye gets "lost" and does not comprehend the structure.

We both felt that [b] is acceptable, but not as pleasant as [c].

We both felt that [c] looks nicest.

Format [d] is confusing when used to print a list of polynomials such as [x,-y,z].

We also looked at the polynomial  $(2*a-x)^5$  in the ring QQ[a][x]

03 May 2024 2/6

```
We thought that [aa] is just acceptable.
Format [bb] was the one we liked most.
Format [cc] seems less clear than [bb].
Format [dd] is the "lightest" but disguises the structure.
```

ADDENDUM JAA notices that the final term 32\*a^5 was not printed in brackets. Why not?

# #5 - 08 Oct 2012 16:21 - John Abbott

- Status changed from New to In Progress
- % Done changed from 0 to 10

#### #6 - 09 Oct 2012 14:48 - John Abbott

JAA proposes the following guideline:

a coefficient is printed between brackets except when:

- the coefficients +1 and -1 are handled specially, or
- the coefficient is an integer (i.e. IsInteger gives true), or
- the power product is 1 and the coefficient is rational (i.e. IsRational gives true)
- negative integer/rational coefficients are handled specially (i.e. not ...+(-c)\*x^k)

Here are some examples:

```
[A] x^2 - 1 // any ring
[B] x^2 - 1/4 // any ring, special handling for negative rational
[C] x^2 + (-1/4) // any ring
[D] x^2 - a // element of QQ[a,x]
[E] x^2 - (1/4)^*a // element of QQ[a,x], special handling for negative rational
[F] x^2 + (-1/4)^*a // element of QQ[a,x]
[G] x^2 + (-a) // element of QQ[a][x]
[H] x^2 + ((-1/4)^*a) // element of QQ[a][x]
[I] x^2 + ((-1/4)^*a) // element of QQ[a][x], special handling for negative rational
[J] x^2 - (1/2)^*x + 1/16 // any ring, no brackets around 1/16, special handling for -1/2
[K] x^2 + (-1/2)^*x + 1/16
[L] x^2 + (-1/2)^*x + 1/16
```

```
Opinions about [B] versus [C]?
Opinions about [E] versus [F]?
Opinions about [J] versus [K] versus [L]?
Any other opinions/suggestions/examples?
```

2013-02-18 JAA thinks [C] is ugly. JAA mildly prefers [E] to [F], but incompatibly also thinks that [H] is nicer than [I]. Aesthetically [K] looks nicer than [L], but [L] is more uniform.

03 May 2024 3/6

#### #7 - 31 Jan 2014 20:32 - John Abbott

- Category set to Various

This issue has been sitting idle for a year. We should decide, and then implement!

**Addendum:** JAA thinks that a leading "minus sign" should probably be handled differently from one between two terms. Here are the examples to consider: -x + 2 and -x + 2 and -x + 2 and -x + 2.

Addendum2: the special handling for "leading minus" would be important for printing out a polynomial whose value happens to be an integer (e.g. -1)

#### #8 - 01 Feb 2014 10:20 - Winfried Bruns

I would prefer a symmetric appearance, either no space around the + sign or a blank on bothsides.

But it is a matter of taste and adaptation --- if one has seen the asymmetric apperance long enough one gets used to it.

#### #9 - 03 Feb 2014 18:24 - John Abbott

- % Done changed from 10 to 20

In note 6 I unwittingly overlooked some (important?) points: for instance I did not consider compound coefficients in the coeff ring. Here are some more cases to consider.

```
[AA] x^2 + (-a+1)*x + (-a-1) in QQ[a][x] --> the coeffs are "compact"
[BB] x^2 + (-a + 1) x + (-a - 1) in QQ[a][x] --> coeffs have spaces
                          in QQ[a][x]
[CC] x^2 + (a) *x + (a)
[DD] x^2 + (a) *x + a
                             in QQ[a][x]
[EE] x^2 + a*x + a
                             in QQ[a][x] but looks like it is in QQ[a,x]
[FF] x^2 + (-a) *x + (-a)
                            in QQ[a][x]
[GG] x^2 - (a) *x - (a)
                            in QQ[a][x]
[HH] x^2 - a*x - a
                             in QQ[a][x] but looks like it is in QQ[a,x]
[II] a
                     in QQ[a][x] but does not look like deg = 0
[JJ] (a)
                    in QQ[a][x]
[KK] ((a))
                     in QQ[a][b][x]
[LL] x^2 - x + ((-a)) in QQ[a][b][x]
[ZZ] x^2 - ((1/4)^a) in QQ[a][x]
```

It now seems to me that "good aesthetics" and "clear structure" do not always go together. I think that the "clear structure" approach is likely to be easier to implement.

03 May 2024 4/6

#### #10 - 03 Feb 2014 18:53 - John Abbott

I notice in SparsePolyRing.C:551 that there is a check via IsPrintAtom. The documentation says *true iff arg does not need brackets when a num or denom of a fraction* 

So how should  $x^2 - x/a - 1/a$  (elem of QQ(a)[x]) be printed?

```
[aaa] x^2 + (-1/a) * x + (-1/a)
[bbb] x^2 - (1/a) * x - (1/a)
[ccc] x^2 - (1/a) * x - 1/a
```

I think [bbb] is "nicest", and probably [aaa] is ugliest (though possibly the easiest to understand "at a glance").

# #11 - 01 Apr 2014 17:35 - Anna Maria Bigatti

- Target version set to CoCoALib-0.99533 Easter14

# #12 - 08 Apr 2014 18:35 - John Abbott

- Target version changed from CoCoALib-0.99533 Easter14 to CoCoALib-0.99534 Seoul14

#### #13 - 14 Jul 2014 17:55 - John Abbott

- Target version changed from CoCoALib-0.99534 Seoul14 to CoCoALib-1.0

### #14 - 18 May 2015 12:16 - John Abbott

- Estimated time changed from 5.00 h to 10.50 h

This issue has been idle for another year.

## #15 - 07 Nov 2017 12:34 - John Abbott

- Related to Feature #1117: Better printing of negative coeffs added

#### #16 - 12 Feb 2018 12:33 - John Abbott

- Related to Design #1156: Printing for RingElem added

#### #17 - 22 Oct 2020 16:55 - John Abbott

Idle for more than 6 years: perhaps because there is no clear answer, and implementation might be tricky :-/

# #18 - 14 Mar 2023 20:00 - John Abbott

SOURCE CODE has moved: now near SparsePolyOps-RingElem.C:480

# #19 - 14 Mar 2023 20:08 - John Abbott

- % Done changed from 20 to 30

I am tempted to make the following change (which I hope is not too difficult):

• the coefficient of the PP 1 is printed out the same way as for any other term in the poly

03 May 2024 5/6

Currently we try to be "clever" and avoid putting brackets around the coefficient (sometimes). Several example above illustrate what I mean. In contrast the following shows that we do sometimes use brackets:

```
/**/ use FF7a ::= ZZ/(7)[a];
/**/ I := ideal(a^2-3);
/**/ K := FF7a/I;
/**/ use P ::= K[x];
/**/ (x-2)^3;
x^3 +x^2 +(-2)*x +(-1)
```

Any objections?

# #20 - 14 Mar 2023 20:09 - John Abbott

- Target version changed from CoCoALib-1.0 to CoCoALib-0.99880

# #21 - 14 Mar 2023 21:22 - Anna Maria Bigatti

# THIS REPLY BASED ON MY MISTAKE IN COMMENT 19

On my computer I get

```
/**/ FF7a ::= ZZ/(7)[a];
/**/ use P ::= FF7a[x];
/**/ (x-2)^3;
x^3 +x^2 -2*x -1
```

and I much prefer that (without the parentheses).

I think I am missing something in your proposal.

I believe we should close this issue (originated for deciding spaces around signs) and make new ones, more specific.

# #22 - 14 Mar 2023 21:27 - John Abbott

Sorry I typed in the example wrongly: there should have been a quotient (now corrected -- see comment 19)

03 May 2024 6/6